

THE BLACK PANTHER

INTERCOMMUNAL NEWS SERVICE

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CENTERFOLD

Prosecution Dismisses 4 Black Jurors

1,000 RALLY FOR JoANNE LITTLE AT TRIAL OPENING

Winston-Salem, N.C. — Over 1,000 high-spirited rallyers demonstrated here on July 14 outside the Wake County Superior Court building on the trial of JoAnne Little, a 21-year-old Black woman charged with the first degree murder of a White jail guard who raped her, got underway. The highly successful rally and march was organized by the Winston-Salem Chapter of the Black Panther Party. Prior to the demonstration, the enthusiastic rallyers, including people from North Carolina, Virginia, New York, Washington, D.C., and Baltimore, had marched from the Women's Prison in Raleigh, which one month ago was the scene of a fierce protest by the women inmates there who were seeking to change the inhumane conditions at the prison.

Because the Black Panther Party organized the rally and a spearheading fund raising for Ms. Little's defense at the state of North Carolina, the establishment press largely ignored the rally. Ms. Little was recently named "Woman of the Year" by the Winston-Salem Chapter of the Black Panther Party for "her courageous act of self-defense and defense of Black Womanhood." (See THE BLACK PANTHER, June 30, 1973.)

Another Larry Little, coordinator of the Winston-Salem Chapter, told the cheering crowd outside the superior court building that, "All concerned people must unite to prevent JoAnne Little from being railroaded to prison by the fascist machinery of North Carolina" and that, "Only through the power of the people will JoAnne Little be set free."

CONTINUED ON PAGE 8



Over 1,000 people were organized to rally in support of JoAnne Little by the Winston-Salem, North Carolina, Chapter of the Black Panther Party. This event was largely ignored by the "establishment" media.

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Editorial

Handshake In Space

That recent, highly touted handshake in space leaves us cold, and we mean cold in the special Black sense of that word. While Black Americans suffer under the weight of a sweeping depression, and the rest of the country balances on the verge—the result, in major part, of a \$100 billion “defense” budget to prevent the alleged threat of communist aggression—Russian communists and American astronauts are “dramatically” demonstrating “friendship” in space. That’s cold!

If there’s so much friendship, why the \$100 billion military budget? The Russian government seems to be bending over backwards to convince Washington that Moscow’s interests aren’t really so different from those in Washington.

And everybody knows the Chinese have no significant military capacity or the know-how to send Sinocomats into space to shake hands with anybody. Certainly, if they were willing to shake Nixon’s hand in Peking, a handshake in space between space workers would hardly violate any fundamental principle, if they could do it.

So, against whom is this \$100 billion “defense” budget supposed to defend us? The Europeans? The South Americans? The Africans?—The Africans?

We seriously suspect that the hidden policy makers in U.S. corporate board rooms around the capitalist world have set their sights on “defending” the rich, beautiful and defenseless Africa before it can get itself together in a powerful United States of Africa to defend itself.

Africa is the last chance for corporate survival, they believe. Capture Africa and they’ll have the makings of a potentially massive arsenal of material and human resources with which to destroy both Russia and China.

But, bringing the American people to their knees is a precondition for the realization of these objectives. A swelling depression that could open the door to fascism is the best way. There’s still hope, however, because nobody got as carried away with the handshake in space as the media people who reported it. Everyone is more concerned about that pending depression and doing something to prevent it.

“Too bad George
arson’s President
back in the old
days.”



FALLEN

COMRADE

CARL HAMPTON

Assassinated

July 26, 1970

After a brief period of working with the Black Panther Party, Brother Carl Hampton's life was transformed profoundly. He developed an immense love for the Black Panther Party and dedicated his life to the service of the people.

Unable to organize a chapter of the Party in Houston, Texas, where he grew up, Carl Hampton went on to organize People's Party II there and patterned it after the Black Panther Party. He would often say that the Black Panther Party is the true and number one people's party and that People's Party II was the second, emulating the examples set by the Black Panther Party.

Under Carl Hampton's leadership, People's Party II very rapidly captured the love and respect of the Black and poor masses in Houston. Seeing this, the power structure in Houston moved to eliminate Carl and People's Party II.

On July 26, 1970, police snipers stationed on top of a church near People's Party II headquarters shot and killed Brother Carl. Though Carl Hampton is dead, his spirit lives on. Long live the spirit of Carl Hampton. Long live the people's struggle.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE



Correction

In last week's issue of THE BLACK PANTHER there is an error in the article "B.P.P. Protects L.A. Times Racist Attack on Mervyn Dymally." That paragraph should read:

"We associate ourselves with Lt. Governor Dymally's assertion that new approaches, nontraditional ways, innovations and creative efforts were demanded and utilized by conscientious individuals, including Mervyn Dymally, working within those frameworks against almost insurmountable obstacles. Under those circumstances many performed something close to miracles and contributed meaningfully to Black survival despite the obstacles."

The staff of THE BLACK PANTHER expresses our apologies for the mistake.

COMMENT

"History Will Absolve Me"

By Fidel Castro

On July 26, 1953, a group of young Cuban patriots, led by a 26-year-old Havana lawyer named Fidel Castro, attempted to spark a popular uprising of the Cuban people against the cruel, corrupt Batista dictatorship by attacking the Moncada Army Barracks. After an initial success, the heroic young Cubans, outnumbered and outgunned, were overwhelmed and defeated. Of the 126 patriots who participated in the Moncada incident, 70 were killed after capture, tortured and slaughtered by agents of Batista.

Three months later, in a nurses' lounge of the city hospital, guarded by squads of armed police and under a strict, government-imposed news blackout, Castro, the last of the 26 survivors to stand trial, rose to address the court. His fate at the hands of the regime already assured — all received heavy prison sentences at the Isle of Pines (Jangama)—Castro proceeded to deliver a passionate, four-hour address, praising the young Moncada martyrs, placing his faith in the power of the oppressed masses of Cuban people and condemning the atrocities of the Batista regime.

Today, in liberated Cuba, July 26 is commemorated as a national holiday, a day in which the sacrifices of all the patriots of the Cuban Revolution are honored. Commemorating the great victory of the Cuban people, THE BLACK PANTHER this week reprints excerpts from Fidel Castro's eloquent defense plea following the Moncada attack, a speech every bit as relevant today for oppressed humankind throughout the world as it was for the Cuban people 22 long years ago.

Honorable Magistrates: Never has a lawyer had to practice his profession under more difficult conditions: never against so accused have more overwhelming irregularities been committed. Here, counsel and accused are one and the same. As attorney for the defense I have been denied even a look at the indictment. As

COMMITTEES PAGE 10

THE BLACK PANTHER

THE BLACK PANTHER is published weekly by the Black Panther Party for Self-Defense. It is a Black newspaper for the Black community. It is a Black newspaper for the Black community. It is a Black newspaper for the Black community.



JOHNNY SPAIN

NONAPPEARANCE O.K.'ed

Charles Garry Blasts S.Q. 6 Trial Judge Ruling

(Marin, Calif.) — Calling the shackling and chaining of the San Quentin 6 in the courtroom here "inhuman," noted defense attorney Charles H. Garry last week denounced Judge Henry Broderick's recent ruling that the six Black and Brown prison activists do not have to attend the daily court sessions if they don't want to.

"The reason that the brothers refuse to come to court at times," attorney Garry told THE BLACK PANTHER in an exclusive interview, "is because of the shackling and chaining. It's bad enough to be shackled and chained, but they (the guards) create the shackling in such a way that they're like San Quentin 6 in constant pain."

That's what happened Tuesday of this past week. When there was some leeway (slack) in the chaining, they started tightening it up to such a point where it was cutting in the abdomen of the brothers who are chained like that.

"This is inhuman," Garry, who is defending Black Panther Party member Johnny Larry Spain, continued. "There's no reason for this kind of treatment. And, yet it's going on—constantly."

"It's under these circumstances that the brothers are forced to go to trial in a very heavy, concentrated case, which is going to take six to nine months to try," Garry said.

Judge Broderick's divisive ruling also brought a chorus of constant shouts from the

LEARNING CENTER EVENT SUCCESSFUL

COMMUNITY HEALTH FAIR EMPHASIZES PREVENTATIVE MEDICINE

(Oakland, Calif.) — Over 150 people received free Sickle Cell Anemia test, high blood pressure tests, vision tests and a variety of other health services at the first Annual Community Health Fair sponsored by the People's Free Medical Clinic on Sunday, July 20, at the Community Learning Center.

The theme for this year's Health Fair was "Preventative Medicine — To Deny Decent Health Care Is To Deny The Right To Life."

The purpose of the health fair was to educate the community around health issues that affect people's daily lives; to provide health care in a manner that will inform people about their bodies and how to take care of them and to inform people about the services offered by the various health agencies in their community.

Attractive and informative displays from sponsoring organizations and agencies for the Health Fair were scattered throughout the Learning Center. Sponsoring



A child is shown here receiving one of the many preventative medical health tests that were provided, free, at the Community Health Fair.

groups included The West Oakland Health Center, the East Oakland Health Alliance, the American Cancer Society, the Mameda County Lung Association, Operation Breadth, the American Red Cross, and the People's Free Medical Clinic.

High blood pressure or essential hypertension is a serious problem for Black and other poor people, and the predominantly Black people who attended the Health Fair flocked to the area where the hypertension tests were given.

It was explained that a person must have his/her blood pressure tested on a regular basis in order to determine one's "normal" blood pressure. Sudden changes in diet or severe emotional problems can affect an individual's blood pressure.

Parents made it a point to have their children tested for general anemia and Sickle Cell Anemia, the latter a crippling blood disease which primarily affects Black people. The People's Free Medical Clinic, one of a group of Clinics which have tested 500,000 people for Sickle Cell Anemia throughout the country over the past three years, conducted the tests for general anemia and Sickle Cell Anemia.

The children particularly were fascinated by the height and weight charts and the vision test. Throughout the six-hour Health Fair they came in steady streams to find out how much they weigh, and how tall they are.

Nutritious food is a vital part of maintaining good health. One of the highlights of the Health Fair was the delicious food served in the cafeteria of the Learning Center where everyone enjoyed a meal of carrot and raisin sandwiches and avocado and potato, a cereal-like grain which was seasoned with tasty spices.

One of the most informative health displays was that on

FALLEN COMRADE

BABATUNDE X. OMARWALI

Assassinated

July 27, 1970



Babater Babatunde X. Omarwali, a member of the Illinois Chapter of the Black Panther Party, was murdered on July 27, 1970, because of his service to the people. He was a special target of the U.S. police state because he was a Black man who turned away from being used as cannonfodder to become a liberation fighter for his people.

After two years in the military, Babatunde joined the Black Panther Party in Chicago and was sent to organize in the Cairo-Carbondale area. Shortly after his return to Chicago, the remains of his body were found thrown across a railroad track on July 27, 1970. The police claimed Babatunde had accidentally blown himself up, when in fact, Babatunde had been murdered by reactionary forces attempting to destroy the just struggle of Black people for liberation.

In trying to achieve this liberation, Babatunde X. Omarwali made the supreme sacrifice and will live on in our memories as a supreme servant of the people.

ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE



B.P.P. DALLAS CHAPTER SPONSORS FREE 4th OF JULY DINNER

(Dallas, Tex.) — On July 4, the Dallas Chapter of the Black Panther Party co-sponsored, along with the George Loving Tenants Council, a highly successful chicken dinner attended by over 300 people.

The dinner, which was held in the George Loving section of the West Dallas Housing Project, was supported by area merchants who provided the food for the event. The tenants who attended the festive dinner beamed with appreciation.

Fred Bell, coordinator of the Dallas Chapter of the Black Panther Party, spoke to the crowd, commenting that while the people of Mozambique can look to June 25 as their real independence day, "What day have we, the Black people of racist America?"

Yoke of Exploitation

"We must take this day, not as one for us to celebrate, but one where we seriously consider what the colonies had to do to free themselves from the yoke of exploitation and abuse. No people has caught the hell we catch, and certainly the colonies never heard of as much hell that we catch."

"In daring to call themselves together and declare independence and then fight for enforcement of it said they were 'merely being meanly firm.'"

"One day we are going to have a day we can celebrate as one of the anniversary of our real freedom — but only after we stand up and say, 'We refuse to continue to permit you to abuse us,' and then roll our sleeves up and enforce it!"

The George Loving Tenants Council, just four months old, had been working with the Dallas Chapter prior to the July 4 dinner to establish a food cooperative and a free mental arts program.

With the help of the Black Panther Party, the Council has secured and free office space. The Party itself is seeking to obtain an office located in the George Loving section that has been vacated by the welfare department. The office has 15 rooms and will be used for the Intercommunal Development Center, a progressive child care day care facility. The Tenants Council and the Dallas Chapter are working vigorously to see that



People of West Dallas Projects eating hearty meal at 4th of July dinner.

this Center is established so that many creative and meaningful programs may be put into action.

There are about 5,000 people in George Loving, which is one of the 3 sections of the West Dallas

Housing Projects, the city's largest. The West Dallas Housing Projects has 3,500 family units, housing approximately 15,000 people, 98 per cent of whom are Black.

Garry Blasts S.Q. 6 Judge

CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE
protests from the other defense attorneys, who charged that the six brothers' absence from court would jeopardize their case.

For their part, the Six — Johnny Larry Spain, Hugo Parsell, David Johnson, Luis Talamenter, Fleeta Drumgo, and Willie Tate — have often refused to attend their court hearings, asserting, as attorney Garry said, that they cannot get a fair trial while chained to their chairs. As a result, the Six have often been victimized by San Quentin guards using undue and unnecessary force to brutalize the brothers into appearing.

In fact, the incident which led to Judge Broderick's ruling last week was the merciless tear-gassing of Luis Talamenter when he balked at being transported from San Quentin's notorious Adjustment Center to the Marin courthouse. Two weeks ago, Brothers Talamenter, Parsell and Johnson were teargassed and beaten for refusing to line up and prepare for another court session.

At the courtroom, five of the six brothers — with the exception of Willie Tate who was released from 13 years of imprisonment in January, 1973, and is bound to appearing in court on a \$100,000 bail — wore hand manacles, hiked to waist chains. The waist chains are then looped through the backs of the specially constructed chairs and are attached to a metal



CHARLES R. GARRY

plate which also bolts the chair to the floor. Under such severe restraints, movement is extremely limited and attorney-client communication is markedly hampered.

A fundamental absurdity in the entire proceedings is clear every court session when Judge Broderick "instructs" the jurors and prospective jurors to "disregard" the shackling and chaining of the six brothers, telling them that it should not be "construed" to reflect upon their guilt or innocence. Judge Broderick has the authority to order the chains removed but has consistently refused all requests that this be done. Instead Broderick is opting to entrust the brothers without their appearance in court.

THIS WEEK IN BLACK HISTORY

July 26, 1847

With a population composed of a large number of former slaves and freedmen who had returned to their native homeland, on July 26, 1847, President Joseph Jenkins, himself a native of Virginia, declared the West African country of Liberia an independent republic.

July 22, 1862

Acting not out of the goodness of his heart, but rather intending to disrupt the social structure and the military apparatus of the rebel Confederacy, on July 22, 1862, President Abraham Lincoln submitted a draft of his most famous military decree, the Emancipation Proclamation, to his Civil War Cabinet.

July, 1915

In July, 1915, the Ku Klux Klan received its charter from the Fulton County, Georgia, Superior Court. The "modern" Klan spread to Alabama and other Southern states, reaching the height of its influence in the 1920s. By 1924 the organization was strong in California, Oregon, Indiana, and Ohio. At its height, the Klan had an estimated four million members.

July 26, 1948

On July 26, 1948, President Harry S. Truman issued Executive Order 9835 directing "equality of treatment and opportunity" in the armed forces. Up to that point separate Black and White military units were maintained.

July 25, 1972

On July 25, 1972, government officials admitted that Blacks had been used as guinea pigs in explicit experiments at Tuskegee Institute and that physicians allowed 400 victims to go untreated for 40 years, even though penicillin became available to the medical profession in the late 1940s.

"DISGRACEFUL DUNGEONS"**Bar Report
Condemns****Calif. Prisons**

Los Angeles, Calif. — In a report issued last week by the State Bar of California, San Quentin and Folsom prisons were labeled as "disgraceful dungeons" that should be destroyed or replaced, as reported by the *Oakland Tribune*. The committee unanimously agreed that physical conditions in San Quentin, Folsom, Vacaville, and Soledad prisons are "incompatible with fundamental and minimal principles of decency and humanity."

The report says prisons must satisfy human needs for good food, good-sized private rooms, regular sexual relations, frequent family contacts, recreation and good hygienic facilities.

California's prison system has a total inmate population of 25,000 with 2,291 at Folsom, 2,136 at San Quentin, about 2,000 at Vacaville, and about 3,000 in Soledad. A disproportionate amount of these inmates are Black and poor.

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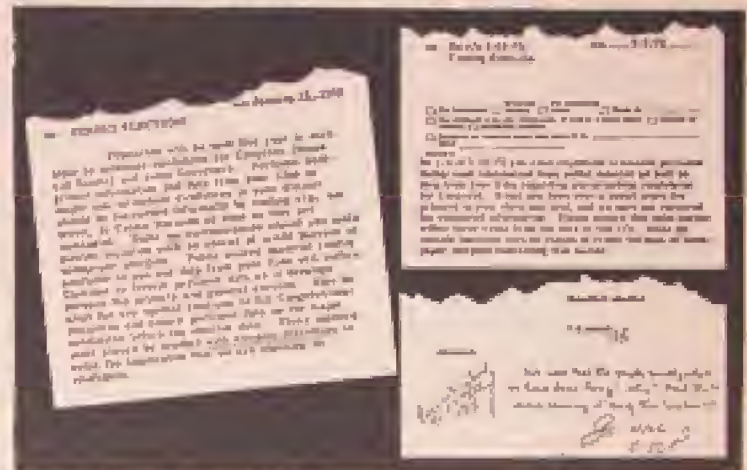
Illegal Break-Ins Stretch From Post-W.W. II-Era

(Washington, D.C.) — More of the FBI's massive illegal activities were exposed last week when FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley admitted that the FBI illegally committed numerous burglaries and break-ins during the post-World War II era under the guise of "national security."

At a press conference here, Kelley told reporters that "I do not note in these activities (burglaries) any gross abuse of authority. I do not feel that it was a corruption of the trust that was placed in us." He declined to give details of the break-ins and burglaries.

Attorney General Edward H. Levi may seek legal action against the FBI agents who committed the burglaries, Kelley said. However, a Justice Department official claimed that as far as he knew, the Department was not considering the criminal prosecution of any FBI agents, but that a number of ways of raising the issue in the courts "other than criminal actions" were under examination.

Earlier this year, Black Panther Party attorney Charles Garry publicly stated his suspicions that federal agents burglarized the files in his San Francisco office twice during the past seven years. In an interview with THE BLACK PANTHER, Garry said he suspected that the CIA may have broken into his office since, as he explained, the FBI "knows my habits and knows that I do not keep any valuable information in my files."



The original January 13, 1972, memorandum went to FBI offices in the field, instructing agents to gather information on candidates. The August 7 follow-up memo urges agents to speed their reports, and the October 26 memo from T.E. Bishop bears Pat Gray's handwritten note.

Kelley revealed that the FBI first used burglaries as an investigative tool during World War II and that the agency continued the illegal practice after 1966 — the year that late FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover claimed the burglaries stopped.

According to Kelley, none of the FBI's break-ins were carried out overseas and none took place that were not related to foreign intelligence or national security. He added that "there were a few" such break-ins at foreign embassies in Washington, D.C., after 1966 but refused to identify the countries involved.

Former President Richard M. Nixon has publicly disclosed break-ins by FBI agents on May 22, 1973, in a statement discussing his administration's attempts to expand the illegal

domestic surveillance of American citizens.

Nixon's disclosure was followed by numerous reports attributed to anonymous present and former FBI officials who made vague references to the use of burglaries and break-ins. However, the issue was not revived until earlier this month when William A. Sullivan, a retiring assistant FBI director, said he "assumed" such break-ins had occurred.

At the press conference, Kelley defended the FBI's infamous Counterintelligence Program (COINTELPRO), a vast network of illegal operations begun in 1956 and allegedly ending in 1971, which were created to disrupt and destroy civil rights and progressive left-wing U.S. political groups, including the Black Panther Party. Kelley claimed that COINTELPRO was designed "to do something that would ultimately . . . benefit the nation."

**Break-ins At Foreign
Embassies Revealed**

(New York, N.Y.) — In an article in the latest issue of *Newsweek*, it was reported that FBI agents broke into an average of one embassy a month in recent years. In one Arab mission, they met Israeli agents who were already there. The magazine quotes Justice Department sources and present and former FBI agents for its story.

ALREADY SEEN NATIONALLY

DAVID G. DU BOIS
Official Spokesperson of the
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BLACK PERSPECTIVE
ON THE

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On

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KQED - Channel 9

CIVIL RIGHTS COMMISSION BLASTS FEDERAL AGENCIES ON EQUAL EMPLOYMENT

(Washington, D.C.) — Citing a lack of coordination among federal agencies with equal employment responsibilities, the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights has called for a consolidated agency with the power to enforce a broad federal statute forbidding employment discrimination.

To be called the National Employment Rights Board, the agency proposed by the Commission would outlaw discrimination in employment based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or handicapped status.

The recommendation is contained in a 673-page report, "To Eliminate Employment Discrimination," which is Volume 5 of *The Federal Civil Rights Enforcement Efforts - 1972*.

The report evaluates the civil rights activities of most federal agencies with major responsibilities for ensuring equal employment opportunity, including the Civil Service Commission, the

Department of Labor, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and the Equal Employment Opportunity Coordinating Council.

Calling the federal effort to end employment discrimination "fundamentally inadequate," the Commission blamed a lack of overall leadership, deficiencies in existing laws, and inconsistent policies of the many agencies with enforcement responsibilities.

The Commission pointed out that the agencies not only differ on enforcement standards, but that they disagree on "such key issues as the definition of employment discrimination, testing, the use of goals and timetables, fringe benefits, and back pay."

As outlined in the Commission's report, the new board would have stronger enforcement powers than any existing agency. It would be given "cease-and-desist" authority, including the power to order relief to personnel



Black people in line for unemployment benefits.

discriminated against, such as back pay. The board would also have authority to bring suit in federal District Court.

The Commission also recommended that the board be allocated at least one and half times the funds currently provided for the federal equal employment effort.

California Black Conference Set

(Sacramento, Calif.) — Black elected officials prominent in local, state and national politics are joining with the California Legislative Black Caucus and the California Democratic Council Black Caucus in co-convening the first statewide Black political education conference scheduled to be held here on August 22, 23 and 24.



Congressman RONALD V. DELUMS

U. Governor Morrya M. Dymally, Los Angeles Mayor Tom Bradley, and Congressional representatives, Ron Dellums, Augustus Hawkins and Yvonne Brathwaite Burke have all announced that they will lend their support to the endeavor and will be active participants in conference activities.

The conference will be made up of a series of workshops designed to bring Black elected officials and their constituents together for an open discussion of some of

Political Education

the problems facing California Black communities.

The workshop panels will be moderated by members of the Legislative Black Caucus: Senators Bill Greene, and Nate Holden (Los Angeles) and Assembly representatives Willie Brown (San Francisco), Julian Dixon, Leon Ralph (Los Angeles),

John Miller (Berkeley) and Curtis Tucker (Inglewood).

Advance conference registration can be made by writing P.O. Box 1536, Sacramento, Calif. 95814. The cost of registration is \$15 to attend the workshops only and \$25 to attend the conference workshops, Saturday luncheon and Friday and Saturday night dinners.

JUST RELEASED

"... a remarkable novel. Right in the direct line of the great socio-fictional works of Richard Wright, James Baldwin and Lorraine Hansberry, *And Did Him Sing* should be read not just for the story in the narrative sense but for what it tells us about these people, each of whom, in their way or another, represents a class in today's sea of conflicting interest."

Ralph Gleason
San Francisco Chronicle

...And Did Him Sing



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PEOPLE'S PERSPECTIVE

No Food Stamps in L.A.?

(Los Angeles, Calif.) — Recently the Los Angeles Grand Jury has recommended that the federal food stamp program be cancelled here, calling the program inefficient and having a "built-in high risk of criminal abuse." The grand jury proposed giving welfare recipients additional money instead of food stamps because of an investigation which allegedly showed an error rate of 46 per cent on food stamp eligibility. This error rate was found to be primarily as a result of "unnecessary complexity."

V.A. Mismanagement

(Indianapolis, Indiana) — Inaccurate mismanagement by officials overseeing veterans' employment programs resulting in vacant jobs while Vietnam veterans go unemployed was announced recently by Senator Vance Hartke, head of the Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee. Neither the V.A. nor the Department of Labor followed-up on the referral program.

"No Reason" For Kent State

(Cleveland, Ohio) — Captain John Martin, the commander of a group of Ohio National Guardsmen who fired into a group of student anti-war demonstrators at Kent State on May 4, 1970, testified on July 11 that he "saw no reason to fire" during the demonstration. Four students were killed in the infamous massacre. Martin's testimony came during the eighth week of a \$46 million civil damage suit filed against the Ohio National Guard.

C.I.A. Report In August

(Washington, D.C.) — Senator Frank Church, chairman of the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, said last week that he would recommend that the Committee make public in early August its report on the Central Intelligence Agency's involvement in assassinations, despite efforts by forces in the Senate to delay its disclosure.



The Black farmer has a constant struggle to keep his head.

Emergency Land Fund Battles For Justice For Rural Black Farmers

(Atlanta, Ga.) — In its attempts to resist racist discrimination and concretely solve problems connected to the loss, acquisition, and better utilization of rural land owned by Black people, the Emergency Land Fund (ELF) has in recent months focused its attention on the absence of equal access and administrative justice for rural Blacks utilizing the Farmers Home Administration (FmHA).

Their effort for a better life for rural Black landowners recently focused in Montgomery, Alabama, where a meeting was held between the ELF and members of the FmHA representative of national and Alabama state offices. At this meeting, according to an ELF press release, a response was made to the official FmHA presentation, offering a series of questions and documented cases of FmHA abuses at the expense of rural Blacks.

The Emergency Land Fund is a tax-exempt, charitable institution incorporated nearly four years ago to address the problems of the declining land base of Blacks in the rural South. ELF's programs of assistance include technical, legal, educational, and financial support for Black landowners.

The ELF has committed itself to spearheading an effort to:

- Increase knowledge among rural Black people about opportunities available through FmHA and how to go about qualifying for assistance;

CONTINUED ON PAGE 13

LEARNING CENTER RALLY HAILS ADVANCES OF CUBAN REVOLUTION

(Oakland, Calif.) — Co-sponsored by the Committee for July 26 and the Black Panther Party, last Saturday's rally at the Community Learning Center attracted over 100 Bay Area residents in honoring the heroic victory of the Cuban Revolution while consolidating and strengthening the militant unity between the people of North America and the Cuban people.

Featuring a film showing of *Cerro Pelado*, which depicts the struggle of Cuban athletes to participate in the 1959 Pan-African Games in Puerto Rico despite constant U.S. harassment, and highlighted by a beautiful poetry reading by respected Black Panther Party member Ericka Huggins, the rally was a success.

The Learning Center affair was a tune-up for the nationwide "A People's Salute to Cuba" rallies being given next Saturday, July 26. It was on July 26, 1953, that Fidel Castro led a group of young Cuban patriots in an attack against a symbol of the hated Batista dictatorship, *El Moncada*, page 20. Although the young combatants were ruthlessly slaughtered, the Moncada



ERICKA HUGGINS recited poetry at the 26th of July rally. A film on the late ERNESTO "CHE" GUEVARA, who is called in Cuba "the heroic guerrilla," was also shown.

attack inspired the Cuban people's resistance, sparking an armed struggle which liberated the island on January 1, 1959.

The program began with a slide show and discussion of the recent work visit to Cuba of the 8th Venceremos Brigade. Two of the Brigadiers, Ms. Regina West and Heather Jean Harris, gave a very informative run-down of life in Cuba today, stressing the selfless spirit of the entire country in defeat the U.S.-imposed economic blockade of the island.

Next, Ms. Ericka Huggins approached the microphone and read a series of Latin American poems written by Pablo Neruda (Chile) — Vallejo (Peru) and "my favorite poet," Otto Rene Castillo (Guatemala).

"It has been said that these poets, Neruda and Vallejo (particularly) are surrealist poets," Ericka said in her soft-spoken manner, "but without dreamers there are no theories and without theories, there is no practice that leads to revolution."

Ericka then recited "The United Fruit Company" and "They Receive Instructions Against Chile" by Neruda, "Mosses" by Vallejo and "Before the Seals, Tomorrow," "For the Good of All" and "Even Beneath This Bitterness" by Castillo. Ms. Huggins was warmly applauded when she left the stage.

Following this, a short film on the life of the great Cuban revolutionary Che Guevara, *Cerro Pelado* was shown. Less than a hour in length, the Cuban-made film combines action and political content in a tight package, undoubtedly raising the consciousness of all who saw it. The film ended with a huge rally back in Cuba, with Prime Minister Fidel Castro praising the victories of the Cuban athletes at the Pan American Games, a feat of greater significance than usual since it was accomplished in the face of constant U.S. government harassment of the team, both while travelling to and in Puerto Rico.

Perhaps, the impact of *Cerro Pelado* is best judged by a comment made by the person sitting in front of a reporter when the film ended: "Venceremos!" ("We Will Win!")



Black American Colonel Released By Palestinians

(Beirut, Lebanon) — Colonel ERNEST B. MORGAN (inset) was recently released here after being held for two weeks by Palestinian guerrillas. He had been kidnapped in reaction to the murder of the Palestinian people by Israeli aggression and agents in Lebanon.

Morgan was released after one of the demands set forth by the guerrillas was met — the distribution of free food to the people of an oppressed section of Beirut. Upon his release, Morgan said that in his opinion the major factor in saving his life was the fact that he was Black and that the guerrillas identified with the struggle against oppression that Black people face in America and Africa. Photo shows free food being distributed in Beirut. The sign being held by youth on the truck in rear reads, "It is our right to use revolutionary violence in front of the imperialist bourgeoisie."

1,000 Rally For JoAnne Little

CONTINUED FROM FRONT PAGE

At week's end, six jurors had been selected, two of them Black. One of the Black jurors is a woman, Ms. Pecola Jones, a 49-year-old machinist. The two Black jurors were selected following the prosecution's racist dis-

— bringing them sandwiches, soft drinks, and candy — and taking unfair sexual advantage of them. It is known that Allgood had sexually molested between six to eight women at the jail.

If convicted, JoAnne would face the death sentence, man-

slavery under North Carolina law in capital cases. Judge Holsgood has the option—early in the trial and at the end — of reducing the charge from first degree murder to the lesser charges of second degree murder, manslaughter, or involuntary manslaughter.

The selection of Ms. Little's jury is expected to take up to two weeks as the selection must be done from an unusually large panel of 300. The trial — which will feature unusual security precautions, including the use of two entry badges and an airline-type metal detector to screen the press and spectators — is expected to last up to six weeks.



Demonstrators at JoAnne Little rally marching through the streets of Raleigh, North Carolina.

missal of four other prospective Black jurors. Leader B. Chalmers, an assistant North Carolina attorney general who is resisting the private prosecution filed by the dead jailer's family, used the fourth of nine peremptory challenges — dismissals for no stated reasons — allowed in capital cases in North Carolina to dismiss the four Blacks.

Following the dismissal of the fourth prospective Black juror, attorney Jerry Paul, head of Ms. Little's defense team, moved for a mistrial, charging Chalmers' use of challenges to Black jurors with being "racially motivated." Superior Court Judge Hamilton A. Holsgood denied the motion.

SOUTHERN SYSTEM

Ms. Little's case has gained national and international attention, and her attorneys have made it clear that the Southern system of justice is on trial much more so than JoAnne Little. JoAnne is charged with the August, 1974, ice pick murder of Clarence Allgood, a 62-year-old White man at Beaufort County Jail where JoAnne was being detained last August.

Defense attorneys charge that JoAnne killed Allgood in self-defense after he forced her to perform unnatural and "perverted" sexual acts. The New York Times reports that several of the defense's estimated 30 witnesses are expected to testify that Allgood had a reputation for "dragging" women in- mates at the Beaufort County Jail

Community Health Fair A Success

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

Operation Reach, a drug treatment center operating in West Oakland. Brother William O. Woods, executive director of Operation Reach, gave an excellent demonstration to an entranced crowd of observers on how bio-feedback medicine — the use of machines to control certain body functions — is used to treat people who are addicted to hard drugs.

Medical science, Brother Woods explained, has discovered that the area of the brain which governs human beings' pleasurable feelings is connected to the ear. This area, the servile mechanism or the subconscious mind, is directly responsible for creating the "high" that people

experience from using drugs. Utilizing a bio-feedback machine complete with acupuncture needles, Brother Woods showed how these needles, properly placed inside the ear, can produce the same "high" as hard drugs. Eventually, after a period of treatment, drug addicts no longer need to use the bio-feedback machine, Brother Woods said.

Everyone who attended the Community Health Fair not only received valuable information about their bodies and the importance of keeping them in top physical condition, but also discovered the important truth of the Health Fair's theme — "Preventative Medicine — To Deny Decent Health Care Is To Deny The Right To Life." C



WILLIAM WOODS, executive director of Operation Reach, explaining bio-feedback medicine to an entranced audience.

OUR HEALTH



Immunization And Your Child

CONCLUSION

The following is the conclusion of an article reprinted from the May issue of Essence magazine.

The measles vaccine should be administered on or shortly after a child's first birthday, after the Tine skin test for tuberculosis is found to be negative. If, however, the measles vaccine is given to a child with an undiagnosed case of tuberculosis, the tuberculosis may go undetected because the virus often suppresses the normal tuberculin skin reaction.

Despite the fact that the vaccine has been available for over 10 years, there were four million reported cases of measles in the United States last year. And contrary to popular belief, measles is a serious disease that can cause mental, visual and hearing defects, as well as nervous-system disorders in children.

The rubella vaccine is the newest member of the routine immunizations and is aimed primarily at decreasing the risk of exposing pregnant women to the virus. If a pregnant woman is exposed to the virus during her first three months of pregnancy, it can cause many abnormalities in the fetus, resulting in congenital birth defects.

Although preliminary testing has demonstrated that the vaccine prevents rubella from occurring in children, there are some unanswered questions about its future effectiveness. Can the entire population of children in the United States be immunized? Will the vaccine virus spread and cause the same kinds of deformities in newborns that the actual disease does? The present recommendation is to vaccinate all children against rubella. Vaccination of young women of childbearing age is also being encouraged if they are not pregnant and tests show they have never had rubella.

The mumps vaccine, developed in the sixties, is primarily aimed at preventing a disease that can damage the nervous system of children and cause inflammation of the testicles or ovaries in adolescents and adults. It is recommended that vaccinations be administered before a child is 12 years old.

ENTERTAINMENT

"JAWS": MAN-MADE SHARK MAKING MILLIONS AT BOX OFFICE



(Top) The young moonlight swimmer who became the first victim of the great white shark. (Right) The man-made shark who was the star of *Jaws*.



Horrendous Journey

Now I embark upon the most horrendous journey that I have ever faced in this lifetime.

I must now question everything that I have attained in life and ask, "Is it real?"

Was it gotten through intense busyness? And if so, will it survive and become inflated? Should I start all over and can I? It is very hard to be honest with yourself when you don't know what to be honest about.

You know you want to master that which touches you most, that which most interests you.

But at this moment, how can you master life, which is that which most interests you now.

I ask how can you absorb that which you dread or you think you dread.

You have to be strong. What happens when you have been strong all your life and you feel your strength leaving you as a young chick leaves its mother's nest for the first time.

You realize that you have to be strong for your people. It's really hard.

Some people might not realize how hard it is to keep on being strong in the midst of that which seeks to destroy you.

But I am well aware.

Do you give up? And if you give up, do you go into obscurity? What alternative do you choose?

Is there any alternative? What lies beyond and on the other side?

If I knew and it seemed better, I would choose it.

That is not the case here.

I remain suspended!"

Connie Harris
Lansing, Mich.

(Oakland, Calif.) - The movie *Jaws* has been playing before packed audiences all across the country, grossing \$2 million daily. What seems to be attracting the large crowds is that *Jaws* is a terrifying movie experience. *Jaws* is both action-packed and exciting. Several times during *Jaws*, the audience was literally jumping out of their seats in suspense.

Although the plot of the movie seemed rather weak, the characters dull and stereotyped, the man-made shark makes the movie the "thriller" that is. The shark is a masterpiece in special effects. Considerable time was spent building and learning how to control the shark.

The movie begins as the 4th of July was coming to Amity Island, a summer beach resort on an island off the Eastern seaboard. A young girl is almost completely devoured by a shark while swimming off the beach. The town sheriff (played by Roy Scheider) vainly tries to close all of the beaches on the island but the greed of the town officials blocks his efforts: the summer tourist profits are valued by them as more important than human lives.

When two more people are eaten and dismembered and the fact that a killer shark is lurking off the island can no longer be covered up, an oceanography

student, Matt Hooper (played by Richard Dreyfuss), is called in to investigate the situation. He determines that the shark is a great white shark, the biggest shark known to exist. The great white shark sometimes reaches a length of 25 feet, weighing over three tons.

In a desperate attempt to catch or kill the shark, an expert fisherman named Quinn (Robert Shaw) is hired for a fee of \$10,000. Just like everyone else in the film, Quinn is another stereotyped, salty seaman, with one exception. While in the Navy during World War II, Quinn's ship sank in the Pacific and in the course of three days, 800 out of a crew of 1,100 met their death from shark attacks. Because of this Quinn has developed a fanatical "Captain Abah" attitude toward sharks.

After their initial and unsuccessful attacks on the shark,

Quinn's "kamikaze" attitude toward killing his prey goes berserk. This fanatical attitude causes him to destroy the ship's radio even after it was obvious that they could not deal with the shark.

At this point the mechanical shark takes over the movie, literally chewing up the boat, and Quinn. The shark is destroyed by a minor miracle which seems built in the poor script.

This reviewer is no shark expert, but at times the shark's feats seemed unreal. But again, because of the excitement of *Jaws*, he does not care to investigate the validity either.

All in all, if the purpose of the movie is to shock and terrify, all credit is due to the creators of the shark, who did an excellent job. The plot and the acting seem only to be providing a showcase for the man-made, money-making "killer from the deep." □

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Palestinian Guerrillas Attack

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 17
 rditionaries set fire to the munition-
 quipies (building in Telmaria) set
 fire to an Israeli army paper
 warehouse near the railway station
 in Patah Tichin and destroyed
 by fire timber warehouse on the
 road between Jerusalem and Tel Aviv.

Also, on July 7, Palestinian guerrillas joined with the Lebanese Army to repulse massive armed attacks by Israeli armed forces on several refugee camps and civilian villages, according to a communique released by the Lebanese Ministry of Defense.

"Cooperation to face the danger from Israel is the first objective," Lebanese Prime Minister Rashid Karame told the Lebanese national news agency, in praising the Lebanese and Palestinian joint efforts. "Owing to coordination, it will ensure the defense of the motherland and its civilians," Mr. Karame said.

The land, air and sea Israeli attack on the Palestinian refugee camp at Yafa in southern Lebanon, has been denounced and condemned throughout the world as a blatant act of open aggression, and resulted in the wanton murder of scores of innocent, unarmed refugees and villagers. (See Editorial in the July 14, 1976, issue of THE BLACK PANTHER.)

Palestinian communists also shot down two Israeli planes and captured a pilot on July 14 when the enemy planes made an air raid on a Palestinian refugee camp at Ain El Helwan in southern Lebanon.

Four Palestinians were killed, 29 others wounded and nearly 300 houses were destroyed as a result of the raid.

Due to the hardhearted policy of repeated acts of Israeli terrorism and continued brutal occupation of the Palestinian people's homeland, the Palestinian revolutionaries have vowed to act in self-defense of their right to exist as a sovereign state, maintain open warfare against the aggression.

"History Will Absolve Me"

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 18

ing, deceiving everyone about everything. The revolutionaries must proclaim their ideas un-
 ragedously, define their principles and express their intentions so that no one is deceived, neither friend nor foe.

These are the people, the ones who know misfortune and, therefore, are capable of fighting with limitless courage!

To the people whose desperate made through life have been paved with the brick of betrayal and false promises, we were not going to say, "we will eventually give you what you need, but rather—Here you have it, fight for it with all your might so that liberty and happiness may be yours."

To those who would call me a dreamer, I quote the words of Martí: "A true man does not seek the path where the advantage lies, but rather, the path where duty lies, and this is the only practical man, whose dream of today will be the law of tomorrow, because he who has looked back on the upheavals of history and has seen civilizations going up in flames, crying out in bloody struggle, throughout the centuries, knows that the future well-being of man, without exception, lies on the side of duty."

But there is one argument that asks us more than all the others. We are Cubans and to be Cuban implies a duty. Not to fulfill that duty is a crime, is treason.

We are proud of the history of our country. We learned history in school and we have grown up hearing of liberty, justice and human rights.

We were taught to venerate the glorious example of our heroes and our martyrs: Céspedes, Agracante, Maceo, Gómez y Martí were the first names engraved in our minds. We were taught that the Juan Maceo had said that liberty is not begged but is won with the blade of a machete.

We were taught that for the guidance of Cuba's free citizens the Apostol Martí wrote in his *Book of Gold*: "The man who conforms by obeying unjust laws and permits anybody to trample the country in which he was born, the man who so mistreats his country, is not an honorable man."

In the world there must be a certain degree of decorum just as there must be a certain amount of light. When there are many men without decorum, there are always others who bear in themselves the dignity of many men. These are the men who rebel with

great force against those who steal the people's freedom—that is to say, against those who steal human dignity itself."

We were taught to cherish and defend the beloved flag of the single star. We sang every afternoon a hymn whose verses say that to live in chains is to live in opprobrium. That to die for the country is to live.

All this we learned and will never forget, even though today in our land there is murder and prison for the men who practice the ideas taught to them since the cradle. We were born in a free country which was our heritage from our forefathers. The island would sink into the sea before we would consent to be the slaves of anybody.

I come to the close of my defense plea but I will not end it as lawyers usually do—asking that the accused be freed. I cannot ask freedom for myself while my comrades are suffering in the ignominious prison of Isla de Pines. Send me there to join them and to share their fate. I understand that honest men should be dead or in prison in this Republic where the president is a criminal and a thief.

SINCERE GRATITUDE

To the Honorable Magistrates, my sincere gratitude for having allowed me to express myself freely without petty interruptions. I feel no bitterness toward you. I recognize that in certain aspects you have been humane and I know that the Presiding Officer of this court, a man of impeccable private life, cannot disguise his repugnance at the current state of affairs that obliges him to dictate unjust decisions.

Still there remains for this hearing a more serious problem, the issues arising from the murder of seventy men—that is to say, the greatest massacre we have ever known. The guilty evolute at liberty with a weapon in hand—a weapon which continually threatens the process. If all the weight of the law does not fall upon the guilty because of cowardice, or because of denunciations of the courts — and if then, all the magistrates and judges do not resign, I pity you. And I regret the unprecedented shame that will fall over the judicial system.

I know that imprisonment will be as hard for me as it has ever been for anyone—filled with cowardly threats and wicked torture. But I do not fear prison, just as I do not fear the fury of the miserable tyrant who snuffed life out of 70 brothers of mine.

Sentence me. I don't mind. History will absolve me.



Revolutionary Cuban leader FIDEL CASTRO speaking at a rally. Legendary Cuban independence hero ANTONIO MACEO (inset, right) and JOSÉ MARTÍ (inset, left). Maceo, a Black Cuban leader of the 1895 independence movement, once said that liberty is not begged but is won with the blade of a machete.

LIBERATE

PALESTINE

MARTIAL ARTS



Posture

As we develop those parts of our bodies and their respective muscles, one thing that must definitely be influenced is our posture. Posture is both dynamic or in motion and static (standing, sitting, etc.). Current ideas concerning posture are basically unjustified. Present thinking is that postural evaluation must be approached from a highly individual point of view. The judgments of how correct a posture is must be based on corrections from both the physiological and anatomical points of view.

Posture is physiologically correct when it allows the organic system to function effectively. Posture which restricts adequate circulation, respiration, digestion and elimination of waste materials is not correct. For instance, a rigid but attentional standing position restricts circulation. Research results indicate that changes in posture influence the heart rate in stationary positions and also influence the required heart muscle output during exercise.

Posture is anatomically correct when the body has good balance and alignment, the result of a minimum of muscle strain. In such positions, the bone structure carries a maximum amount of weight, so posture demands maximum muscle effort. Poor posture would indicate a body that is too rigid or too soft.

An individual's posture may be inherited or developed, and he/she may relate to, or come from, other personal qualities. Postural similarities between parents and children may result partly from heredity and partly from environment. Children inherit many qualities, but they tend to imitate the models that exist in their environment.

Nutrition affects body structure, and a person with poor nourishment may have neither the energy nor the muscular strength and muscle tone to help hold the body parts in a functional position. Inadequate nutrition may contribute to poor posture as a result of temporary body positions gradually becoming habitually part of our everyday posture.

ARTHUR ASHE PRESSURED TO JOIN SOUTH AFRICA BOYCOTT MOVEMENT

(London, England) — Boasting Wimbledon men's champ Arthur Ashe was put on a political hotseat last week by a request that he join the growing world-wide movement, spearheaded by progressive Black African countries, to expel racist White-ruled South Africa from international tennis competition.

The pressure was put on Ashe at a press conference called by Dennis Brutus, president of the London-based South African Non-racial Committee for Olympic Sports, who announced that the request for Ashe's support was part of a renewed campaign to expel South Africa from the International Lawn Tennis Federation and the Davis Cup competition.

Although publicly opposed to the South African regime's crushing system of apartheid, whereby the White minority subjects the Black African majority to near slave-like life conditions, Ashe favors reconciliation rather than armed struggle, and is considered by many as an extreme moderate on the issue of needed political change.

Indeed, despite receiving strong negative criticism from several African and Third World countries seeking to isolate the racist regime politically and economically — including the international sports arena — Ashe has visited South Africa several times, and has dined with

the country's Prime Minister John Vorster, architect of the apartheid plan.

Two weeks ago Ashe put on a sparkling display of top-flight tennis in Wimbledon's center court, upsetting No. 1 seeded Jimmy Connors 6-1, 6-1, 5-7, 6-4, to become the first Black man to win the prestigious men's singles title. Coupled with his triumph in the World Championship Tennis (WCT) tournament earlier this year, Ashe, who also this year heads the Association of Tennis Professionals, has become the leading figure in international tennis competition, and therefore his support would give a tremendous boost to the anti-apartheid forces.

At the press conference here on July 14, Dennis Brutus announced that as a result of a recent tennis federation vote which narrowly allowed the racist regime to remain in membership, "We shall be appealing to organizations in those countries which voted to keep South Africa in, to reorganize protests and, that includes Britain."

During last year's United Nations General Assembly session, the Republic of South Africa was suspended from participation by an overwhelming vote of member states. Only the Security Council vetoes by the U.S., France and Britain kept South Africa from being the first nation expelled from the world body. In addition,



ARTHUR ASHE making an appearance in apartheid South Africa

several U.N. resolutions have been passed in recent years calling for economic sanctions against South Africa and its apartheid system, which continues to be bitterly condemned throughout the world.

Both the liberation movement organizations within South Africa and the vast majority of independent Black African states have rejected the "dialogue" approach of supposed reconciliation — favored by Ashe — as a betrayal of the majority Black South African population.

For date, Ashe has made no comment on the request that he join the South African expulsion movement. The longer he waits, the hotter that seat will get.

Willie Mays Snubbed



(Milwaukee, Wis.) — At an All-Star luncheon held here last week, over 2,000 people were invited, with Mickey Mantle and Stan Musial as the featured guests. Willie Mays was not even invited.

Mays was very hurt and considered his not being invited an obvious snub. Many politicians, businessmen and TV executives were invited and were prominent in the affair.

"I'll tell you what I thought they'd do," Mays said. "Since it's the 24th All-Star game for Hank (Aaron) and since Musial played in 21 and I played in 24 well, the thought ran through my mind that it would have been great to have the three of us there."

JUST RELEASED

— Johnny Spinks — "a penetrating political truth."

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When HUEY P. NEWTON, co-founder and chairman of the Black Panther Party, disappeared in August, 1970, he left behind his WRITTEN WORDS, which are the most important and most revealing of his life. This book is a collection of his most important and most revealing of his life. It is a collection of his most important and most revealing of his life. It is a collection of his most important and most revealing of his life.

INTRODUCTION BY REV. MARY BAKER EMMETT

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Who Owns South Korea?

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 17

pany, and Clontine Chemical Company (refinery). Gulf contracted for keels of six oil tanks from the Korea Shipbuilding and Engineering Company. Gulf, Shell, and Caltex are exploring for oil offshore of South Korea.

Dow Chemical Company, is a participant in a \$41 million ethylene plant in the Ulsan complex through Korea Pacific Chemical Company, Seokly Oil Company (majority-owned by Getty Oil Company, Ltd., via J. Paul Getty's holding company, Mission Corporation) is a joint venture participant in Yongsu Petrochemical Corporation, which operates a \$25 million acrylonitrile plant at Ulsan.

In sum, the control of the Ulsan petrochemical complex, where most of South Korea's synthetic fibers are produced, rests squarely in the hands of U.S. and Japanese companies. Foreign companies and banks provided 80 per cent of the capital, mostly in the form of loans. The largest creditors for the complex are Gulf Oil Corporation, Asuma Development Bank, Marubeni Corporation, and Mitsui and Company.

OIL REFINERY

A fourth oil refinery is being planned by Japanese and Saudi Arabian interests.

The first two nuclear power plants in South Korea are being built by Westinghouse Corporation. The first one is scheduled for completion in 1975. To supply it, the U.S. is planning to ship 100,000 lbs. of slightly-enriched uranium, enough to produce 150 atomic bombs the size of the Hiroshima bomb. The U.S. Exportbank is proposing to finance \$315 million of the total estimated \$675 million cost for the second plant. Exportbank, however, must get Congressional approval for all financing over \$80 million.

The third nuclear power plant is being financed by the Canadian Export Development Bank and the Japanese government. Canadian reactors will be used. Marubeni Corporation and Hitachi recently withdrew from the project as a result of pressure from an aroused Japanese public.

Both General Motors and Ford have large joint ventures in Korea. Korea Greyhound, a joint venture, operates bus service. Greyhound also runs mechanical training sessions for the National Police College and the South Korean Army.

PL 480 "Food for Peace" aid has been used as a convenient

sales program for U.S. surplus agricultural products. Some U.S. Congressmen have acted as virtual salesmen for U.S. agricultural products abroad. Rep. Otto Passman, chairman of the House Subcommittee overseeing aid appropriations, told a Washington Post reporter, "I've been instrumental in helping to sell rice for cash in appreciation of what we (the U.S.) have done for countries in the past." Shortly after Passman held a conference with South Korea's deputy prime minister in 1971, AID extended \$77 million in "development loans" to South Korea for rice purchases.

Former presidential candidate Jung Kim Joo told interviewees from the World Student Christian Federation:

"Eighty kilo bags of rice government fixed price is 11,000 won (U.S.\$30). But the international market price is more than 20,000 won (U.S.\$50). The government pays high prices to

foreign farmers by importing rice, but low prices to our own farmers. My most important policy is to guarantee a fair grain price for these farmers."

In 1974, South Korea imported 25 per cent of its food needs, up from 10 per cent in 1970. Cultivated land in South Korea actually decreased from 6.67 million acres in 1965 to 5.54 million acres in 1972.

MILITARY PURPOSES

An additional factor in U.S. PL 480 aid is the use of the proceeds from the sale of the food by the South Korean government for military purposes. A United Nations study estimated that 85 per cent of the funds realized were spent in this manner. In June, 1974, Congress banned such use of proceeds, but foreign aid officials admitted to the Washington Post that "government revenues can still be shifted in such a way that the congressional restriction is meaningless."



Independence Declared In Islands

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 17

But for the first time, the people of Cape Verde will be able to determine their own future. "Very rapidly, workers, peasants and especially young people have begun to respond to our needs," said Pires.

"The youth have always played a decisive role in our struggle for liberation, in Guinea as well as Cape Verde. Young people come from all regions of Guinea and Cape Verde to join the party, and they are today, like yesterday, in its vanguard," Pires said.

F.N.L.A. Rejects Peace Bid In Angola

Luanda, Angola — Heavy shooting broke out again on July 20 between the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) and the Zaire-based, CIA-backed National Front for the Liberation of Angola (FNLA). The fighting shattered a cease-

fire which lasted only 12 hours.

MPLA and FNLA officials were reported to have agreed on the cease-fire, but a report from FNLA headquarters in Kinshasa, Zaire, said the FNLA rejected the move and is sending 3,000 troops to Luanda, the capital of Angola.

I.R.A. Memo

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 19

quent meetings between IRA and UDA officers in a country outside of Europe.

The Loyalist armies are composed of Protestant descendants of Scots and Britons sent by Britain centuries ago to repopulate Ireland where millions of native Irish had died by massacre, starvation, and forced exile. Most of the Protestants settled in Ulster, the northernmost province of Ireland.

After the Irish revolted against British rule in 1921, London retained control of the six northern counties. A half million Catholics and one million Protestants live under British rule in the north.

Despite the prevalent image of Loyalists and British fighting against Catholics, mounting tensions between the British and Loyalist armies have resulted in several shootouts. At the same time, there have been secret meetings between officers of the IRA and Loyalist armies.

In 1972, I witnessed a three-way gun battle between Republican, Loyalist and British troops, all blasting away at each other on Belfast's Shankill Road. There have been similar free-for-all since.

The British Army, which, by its own admission, has suffered a bad "kill ratio," losing about three men in combat for each IRA soldier killed, has had serious morale problems. Members of an elite volunteer British paratrooper regiment quit when ordered back to Ulster. A British Army deserter who defected to the IRA after killing a Protestant militiaman told IRA intelligence in Dublin that his fellow soldiers were losing their will to fight. It was for these reasons that the British were willing to accept the truce when offered by the IRA earlier this year.

If full-scale war resumes, the British Army could be forced to recall its Army of the Rhine, now committed to NATO, in order to continue its occupation of Northern Ireland.

The prospects of war in Northern Ireland, and the spectre of a "second front" in Britain itself, is alarming to the British government in the face of its present economic crisis.

The IRA states its willingness, in its report, to continue negotiations with both the British and the Loyalists. The alternative to an end of the truce, the report warned, is war — "War is not a pleasant thought but it is a possible reality that must be faced."

Fisk University

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 9
income eligibility requirements are too low and funds spread too thin, with the result, he said, that Fisk has had to liberally supplement costs from its own funds to attract students.

Other persons in Black higher education circles, however, suggest that Fisk has perhaps tried too hard to lure higher income students, citing that in contrast to the 50 per cent of Fisk students receiving aid, a proportion of 80 per cent on student aid is not uncommon among the other 100 predominantly Black colleges.

Tuition has been rising at Fisk also, up from \$1,510 in 1970 to \$2,000 this upcoming school year. It's at this point where Fisk officials feel pricing themselves out of the market for most Black students. Two years ago enrollment was 1,525. It dropped to 1,475 this year and is expected to drop to 1,300 next fall.

Fisk's problems of survival are made harder by a struggle to preserve what it sees as a proud academic tradition against competition from White universities for the market of high quality Black faculty and students it used to take for granted. Some of the college's advanced classes in physics, art and music have as little as three students, according to Oscar Woolfolk, academic dean.

Long-range planning for a restructured curriculum is going on now through a committee of faculty, students and administrators. Patricia Johnson, a junior and the first woman president of the student government, thinks the planning "looked an interdisciplinary approach" will be healthy for the school. Students come to Fisk, she said, "because it is a great Black university, and that type of restructuring is not going to handicap us."

Letters to the Editor

Editor's note: The following letter was sent to Harold Marks, coordinator of the Milwaukee Chapter of the Black Panther Party.

My Dear Brother Harold:

Hi to you, Sonko.
I could testify but it was at dinner time and I had to go in. I really appreciate your interest for our fellow Black brothers and me at Waupun and Central State. I am glad to know that food put in your hands to write about how our poor Black folks men and women are being treated.

I was one of the fellows who was in the greenhouse at Waupun State Prison. I am still sick from the treatment that was done to me. I was sentenced in July, 1968, to the state prison of Waupun. I got a coker for a piece of meat given to me, and I was asked to strip naked. The guard looked at me as if he was a doctor. They tied me down and with straps I was beaten and given forced medication. It seemed like the bed would move and go down where just feeling water in acid would pour. It seemed like it was TV, watching everything I did. I was frozen, stopped and when I asked for water, they would give me water but something was in the water.

When I would feel my coks, they were sore. They guard put all the weight in me. When I begged for help, it was like the back was broken. They tried their best to kill me. I had to leave fast because of fear of what was in it. My mail was given to me late and tampered with. I was really sad. These cells were underground and I could not see water. I would get more.

Now I'm at Central State and I'm still sad. My mail goes to different wards. Uncertain words they refuse to let you go to sleep by harassment by guards. They attack you and then show a difference between guards and patients. When you call it sounds like the phone is ripped and the guards hear it over conversation. They use tapes. They try to place fear in your mind. They take you before a board of guards and give you time, which is a double harassment to a person. The families of prisoners or patients are very worried about the prisoners. They say it's suicide, and when you have a son, they cut it short. A patient's family is targeted with. If you get Social Security, the guards are taking it. So as I done, I spent the money, not only of myself but for my Black and White fellow prisoners and patients of all races.

Yours truly,

Mr. Anthony P. Alford
Waupun, Wis.

Dear comrades:

The question just was expanded but not forgotten. I was, with someone selling the newspaper, on the New York Times terminal last fall. I had been charged for the contents.

Recently I have read of more exposure of the writings of Brother Huey P. Newton. He has been called the Chairman of the Black Liberation Movement since age ten but knowing or making is believing in something. Black Liberation Movement. Also, I was excited and in love. Brother Harold Dr. Bell on Black Perspectives. I think you're in error now. No please do review my dissertation manuscript and send me a copy of Insights & Forms. The publisher through which you want please help for the press.

Love,

James A. Struggle
Mr. Jerome Kern
Farmingdale, N.Y.

P.S. My thoughts and love go out to all our political prisoners.

P.P.S. Please use care with the address my way to Raleigh—last July 4.

Dear Editor:

I was appalled when I read your editorial of Monday, July 14, 1975. That editorial is probably the most biased editorial I have read in a long time. I am not disagreeing with your premise that perhaps Israel did act wrongly in attacking the Palestinian refugee camp at Yaffa-Jabalia. However, what I am uncomfortable disagreeing with is your one-sided appraisal of the so-called "peace" plan coming out of Israel against Arabs. You condemn the entire Israeli nation for supporting the rights of Arabs, but you fail to even mention the tremendous amount of hatred and injustice inflicted upon Jews in the Arab world. The unprovoked bombing on July 1 in New Square is only one small example of the countless violent actions conducted against Jews in the Middle East. I suggest, Mr. Dr. Bell, that if you are really interested in exposing innocent victims in the world, then you start investigating both sides of the story. I am sure you will find the Arab world has been the oppressed, persecuted, and mistreated people and you might even find that Israel has to be one of the oppressed people there too. Please do it.

All Peace to The People
Barbara Lamm
Belmont, California

Exiled Palestinian Educator

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 11

Before I got my first shock. At 1:00 in the early morning of the next day, an officer entered the room and told me that I was under arrest. He handcuffed and blindfolded me and placed me in a van which had the other deportees. We were driven for seven hours towards an unknown destination.

"During the trip we were rudely treated and threatened with beatings whenever we attempted to utter a word. When the van stopped we were freed from the handcuffs and the blindfolds. We were told that this was the Lebanese border. Our identity cards were confiscated and the deportation order was read to us...

"I believe that my deportation is an attempt to ruin one of the most enlightened cultural and educational centers in the West Bank. The College, which has been providing educational services in the community for the last 60 years had been closed last year for a period of three weeks. This was in the wake of demonstrations that deplored the principle of deportations in general and specifically, the deportation of eight prominent members from Jerusalem and the West Bank. The college is very well respected by international organizations and has received major financial contributions from them. It stands for strong moral principles and engages itself with purely academic and social issues. It does not cooperate with the occupation forces in any manner and this might be the over all reason for the continuous harassment and intimidation that we were subjected to and that resulted in the deportation of its president.

"Deportation of a citizen of an occupied country — whether he is guilty or not — is contrary to the accepted principles of the international law. It is also a flagrant violation of the Geneva Conventions of which Israel is one of the signatories. It is therefore, extremely unfortunate that Israel would resort to such actions against innocent people. I do wish now to declare the illegality of the Israeli action. I also wish to urge all groups and individuals that involve themselves with human rights to condemn Israel and urge it to make an immediate end to deportation orders and to urge it to rescind its latest orders and allow us to go back to our homes and families as soon as possible."

KNOW THE ENEMY

and know yourself
in 100 battles
you will never
be imperiled

SUN 120

recon

Monthly newsletter on current affairs
Politics, Economics, Society & Culture
Vol. 10, No. 1, July 1975, \$2.00
4100 Market St. P.O. Box 1100
Philadelphia, Pa.



A PROGRAM FOR SURVIVAL

PEOPLE'S FREE MEDICAL RESEARCH HEALTH CLINICS

Provides free medical treatment and preventative medical care for the people.

THE SICKLE CELL ANEMIA RESEARCH FOUNDATION

Established to test and create a cure for Sickle Cell Anemia. The foundation informs people about Sickle Cell Anemia and maintains an advisory committee of doctors researching this crippling disease.

PEOPLE'S FREE DENTAL PROGRAM

(Being Implemented)
Provides free dental check-ups, treatment and an educational program for dental hygiene.

PEOPLE'S FREE OPTOMETRIST PROGRAM

(Being Implemented)
Provides free eye examinations, treatment and eyeglasses for the people.

PEOPLE'S FREE AMBULANCE PROGRAM

Provides free, rapid transportation for sick or injured people without time-consuming checks into the patients' financial status or means.

FREE FOOD PROGRAM

Provides free food to Black and other oppressed people.

FREE BREAKFAST PROGRAM

Provides children with a free, nourishing, hot breakfast every school morning.

FOOD COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Provides food for the people through community participation and community cooperative buying.

PEOPLE'S FREE COMMUNITY EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM

Provides free job-finding services to poor and oppressed people.

PEOPLE'S FREE SHOE PROGRAM

Provides free shoes made at the People's Free Shoe Factory to the people.

PEOPLE'S FREE CLOTHING PROGRAM

Provides new, stylish and quality clothing free to the people.

INTERCOMMUNAL NEWS SERVICE

Provides news and information about the world and Black and oppressed communities.



PEOPLE'S FREE MEDICAL CLINIC

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

LEGAL AID AND EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

Provides legal aid classes and full legal assistance to people who are in need.

FREE BUSING TO PRISONS PROGRAM

Provides free transportation to prisons for families and friends of prisoners.

FREE COMMISSARY FOR PRISONERS PROGRAM

Provides imprisoned men and women with funds to purchase necessary commissary items.

SENIORS AGAINST A FEARFUL ENVIRONMENT [S.A.F.E.] PROGRAM

Provides free transportation and escort service for senior citizens to and from community banks on the first of each month.

PEOPLE'S COOPERATIVE HOUSING PROGRAM

Provides, with federal government aid, decent, low-cost and high-quality housing for Black and poor communities.

PEOPLE'S FREE PLUMBING AND MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

Provides free plumbing and repair services to improve people's homes.

FREE PEST CONTROL PROGRAM

Free household extermination of rats, cockroaches and other disease-carrying pests and rodents.

INTERCOMMUNAL YOUTH INSTITUTE

Provides Black and other oppressed children with a scientific method of thinking about and analyzing things. This method develops basic skills for living in this society.

LIBERATION SCHOOLS, FREE MUSIC AND DANCE PROGRAMS

Provides children free supplementary educational facilities and materials to promote a correct view of their role in the society and provides support for the Music and Dance programs of the Intercommunal Youth Institute.

CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER

Provides 24-hour child care facilities for infants and children between the ages of 2 months and three years. Youth are engaged in a scientific program to develop their physical and mental faculties at their earliest ages.

"All these programs satisfy the deep needs of the community but they are not solutions to our problems. That is why we call them survival programs, meaning survival pending revolution."

—Huey P. Newton



DRAWING BY EMORY